



Name _____

Roman Numerals

Roman numerals used to be the standard numbering system throughout of countries in Ancient Rome and Europe until about 1500 AD. A combination of letters from within specific letters formed the numbers using the symbols I, V, X, L, C, D, and M. I = 1, V = 5, X = 10, L = 50, C = 100, D = 500, M = 1000.

Write the following:

1. XIX =

2. XII =

3. II =

4. XI =

5. XX =

6. XVII =

7. XV =

8. VI =

9. III =

10. VIII =

11. XVIII =

12. XIV =

13. IV =

14. X =

15. XVI =

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